

2011-12 College of Southern Idaho

Common Data Set for External Publication Surveys

Direct Questions to: Terry Woodland
Phone: 208-732-6241
twoodland@csi.edu

4/30/2012

- A. General Information
- B. Enrollment and Persistence
- C. First-Time, First-Year Admission
- D. Transfer Admission
- E. Academic Offerings and Policies
- F. Student Life
- G. Annual Expenses
- H. Financial Aid
- I. Instructional Faculty and Class Size
- J. Degrees Conferred

A. General Information

A1 Address Information

A1	Name of College/University:	College of Southern Idaho
A1	Mailing Address:	PO Box 1238
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Twin Falls, ID 83303-1238
A1	Street Address (if different):	315 Falls Ave
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Twin Falls, ID 83301
A1	Main Phone Number:	208-733-9554
A1	WWW Home Page Address:	www.csi.edu
A1	Admissions Phone Number:	208-732-6795
A1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	800-680-0274 Idaho and Nevada
A1	Admissions Office Mailing Address:	PO Box 1238
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	Twin Falls, ID 83303-1238
A1	Admissions Fax Number:	208-736-3014
A1	Admissions E-mail Address:	
A1	If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: _____	https://mycsi.csi.edu/ics/Apply_to_CSI_Online.inz

A1 If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:

A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):

A2	Public	X
A2	Private (nonprofit)	
A2	Proprietary	

A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

A3	Coeducational college	X
A3	Men's college	
A3	Women's college	

A4 Academic year calendar:

A4	Semester	X
A4	Quarter	
A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
A4	Other (describe):	

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

A5	Certificate	X
A5	Diploma	
A5	Associate	X
A5	Transfer Associate	
A5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	
A5	Postbachelor's certificate	
A5	Master's	
A5	Post-master's certificate	
A5	Doctoral degree research/scholarship	
A5	Doctoral degree – professional practice	
A5	Doctoral degree -- other	

Common Data Set 2011-2012

B1

B1

B1

B1

B1

B1

[Redacted]

Men

Women

Men

Women

Undergraduates

Degree-seeking, first-time
freshmen

447

558

241

264

[Redacted]

Common Data Set 2011-2012

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011

B3	Certificate/diploma	360
B3	Associate degrees	634
B3	Bachelor's degrees	
B3	Postbachelor's certificates	
B3	Master's degrees	
B3	Post-Master's certificates	
B3	Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	
B3	Doctoral degrees – professional practice	
B3	Doctoral degrees – other	

Graduation Rates

Fall 2005 Cohort

B4

B5

B6

B7

B8 Of the initial 2005 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years

B9

B10

0

0

Common Data Set 2011-2012

B11 Six-year graduation rate for 2005 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):

#DIV/0!

Fall 2004 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2004. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding Fall 2004.

B4 Initial 2004 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students:

B5 Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:

B6 Final 2004 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from question B4)

0

B7 Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2008):

B8 Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 2008 and by August 31, 2009):

B9 Of the initial 2004 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2009 and by August 31, 2010):

B10 Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):

0

B11 Six-year graduation rate for 2004 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):

#DIV/0!

For Two-Year Institutions

Please provide data for the 2008 cohort if available. If 2008 cohort data are not available, provide data for the 2007 cohort.

2008 Cohort

B12 Initial 2008 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:

949

B13 Of the initial 2008 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid

B14

949

B15

Common Data Set 2011-2012

B16

B17

B18

B19

B20

B21

165

138

2007 Cohort

B12

B13

919

B14

B15

B16

B17

B18

B19

B20

B21

919

14

21

146

139

Retention Rates

B22



Applications

C1

C1
C1

C1
C1

C1 447
C1 241

C1 558
C1 264

C2



Yes

No
X

C2
C2
C2
C2
C2
C2
C2
C2
C2

Is your waiting list ranked?

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

C3 X

C3

C3

C4

C4
C4
C4 X

C5 **Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended.** Specify the distribution of academic

C5 

**Units
Required**

**Units
Recommended**

C5 Total academic units

C5 English
C5



C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?	X	
------------	--	---	--

C8A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2013.

C8A		ADMISSION				
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Used
C8A	SAT or ACT				X	
C8A	ACT only			X	X	
C8A	SAT only				X	
C8A	SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT				X	
C8A	SAT Subject Tests only				X	

C8B If your institution will make use of the ACT in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants for Fall 2013, please indicate which ONE of the following applies: (regardless of whether the writing score will be used in the admissions process):

C8B ACT with Writing Component required	
C8B ACT with Writing component recommended	
C8B ACT with or without Writing component accepted	

C8C Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT writing component; check all that apply:

C8C	SAT essay	ACT essay
C8C For admission		
C8C For placement		
C8C For advising		
C8C In place of an application essay		
C8C As a validity check on the application essay		
C8C No college policy as of now		
C8C Not using essay component		

C8D In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?

C8D	Yes	No
	X	

C8E	Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-	
C8E	Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission	N/A

C8F If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, C8F


C8G Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):



C8G	SAT			
C8G	ACT	X		
C8G	SAT Subject Tests			
C8G	AP			
C8G	CLEP			
C8G	Institutional Exam	COMPASS		
C8G	State Exam (specify):			

Freshman Profile

C9

C9 Percent submitting SAT scores
C9 Percent submitting ACT scores

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile	
C9	SAT Critical Reading			
C9	SAT Math			
	SAT Writing			
	SAT Essay			
C9	ACT Composite			
C9	ACT Math			
C9	ACT English			
C9	ACT Writing			

C9		SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
C9	700-800			
C9	600-699			
C9	500-599			
C9	400-499			
C9	300-399			
C9	200-299			
	Totals should = 100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9	30-36			
C9	24-29			
C9	18-23			
C9	12-17			
C9	6-11			
C9	Below 6			
	Totals should = 100%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

C10

C10
C10
C10
C10

Top half +

C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high school class rank:	
------------	---	--

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

C11	Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	
C11	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	
C11	Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	
C11	Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	
C11	Percent who had GPA below 1.0	
	Totals should = 100%	0.00%

C12	Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	
C12	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:	

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

C13		Yes	No
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?		X
C13	Amount of application fee:		
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?		

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application option,

C13 Same fee:	
C13 Free:	
C13 Reduced:	

C13		Yes	No
C13	Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?		

C14 Application closing date

C14		Yes	No
C14	Does your institution have an application closing date?		X
C14	Application closing date (fall):		
C14	Priority date:		

C15		Yes	No
C15	Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than	X	

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (*fill in one only*)

Common Data Set 2011-2012

- C16** On a rolling basis beginning (date):
C16 By (date):
C16 Other:

C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

- C17** Must reply by (date):
C17 No set date: X
C17 Must reply by May 1 or within _____ weeks if notified thereafter
C17 Other:

- C17** Spring 12/15
C17 \$100
C17
C17 Yes, in full
C17 Yes, in part
C17 No

C18 Deferred admission

- C18** Yes No
C18 Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission? X
C18 If yes, maximum period of postponement:

C19 Early admission of high school students

- C19** Yes No
C19 Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? X

C20 Common Application

(Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

- C21 Early Decision**
C21 Yes No
C21 Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission X

- C21**
C21 First or only early decision plan closing date
C21 First or only early decision plan notification date
C21 Other early decision plan closing date
C21 Other early decision plan notification date
C21 For the Fall 2011 entering class:
C21 Number of early decision applications received by your institution
C21 Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
C21 Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

Common Data Set 2011-2012

C22 Early action

C22 [Redacted]
C22 [Redacted]

Yes

No

X

C22
C22
C22

C22
C22
C22

Yes

No

Common Data Set 2011-2012

D8

D9

D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall					X
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring					X
D9	Summer					X

D10				Yes	No	
D10				X		

D11

D12				D		
-----	--	--	--	---	--	--

D13

Common Data Set 2011-2012



Common Data Set 2011-2012

F1

F1		First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
F1		7%	3%
F1		n/a	n/a
F1		n/a	n/a
F1		n/a	3%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	n/a	n/a
F1		18%	43%
F1		21	24
F1		22	27

F2

F2	Campus Ministries	X
F2	Choral groups	X
F2	Concert band	
F2	Dance	X
F2	Drama/theater	X
F2	International Student Organization	X
F2	Jazz band	X
F2	Literary magazine	
F2	Marching band	
F2	Model UN	
F2	Music ensembles	
F2	Musical theater	
F2	Opera	
F2	Pep band	X
F2	Radio station	
F2	Student government	X
F2	Student newspaper	
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	
F2	Television station	
F2	Yearbook	

F3

F3		At Cooperating Institution
F3		
F3	Army ROTC is offered:	
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:	
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:	

Common Data Set 2011-2012

F4

F4 Coed dorms

F4 Men's dorms X

F4 Women's dorms X

F4 Apartments for married students X

F4 Apartments for single students X

F4 Special housing for disabled
students

F4 Special housing for international
students



G0



Common Data Set 2011-2012

G2			Minimum	Maximum
G2			12	15
G3			Yes	No
G3				X
G4			Yes	No
G4				X
G4			%	
G4				
G5				
G5				
		Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
G5	Books and supplies	\$990	\$990	\$990
G5	Room only			\$2,470
G5	Board only		\$1,674	\$2,422
G5	Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
G5	Transportation	\$2,296	\$2,296	\$2,296
G5	Other expenses	\$2,152	\$2,152	\$2,152
G6				
G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-district:	\$110.00		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):	\$160.00		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Out-of-state:	\$280.00		
G6				

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, total degree-seeking undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2010-2011 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2010-2011 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for non-need-based scholarship or grant aid on the last page of the definitions section.)

		2011-2012 estimated	2010-2011 final
H1	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		
H3	Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?		
H3	Federal methodology (FM)		
H3	Institutional methodology (IM)		
H3	Both FM and IM		
		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need-based \$ (Exclude non-need-based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal		
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)		
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).		
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college		
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$0	\$0
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)		
H1	Federal Work-Study		
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
H1	Total Self-Help	\$0	\$0
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans		
H1	Tuition Waivers <small>Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.</small>		
H1	Athletic Awards		

Common Data Set 2011-2012

H2

H2		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2011 cohort)			
H2	b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid			
H2	c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need			
H2	d) Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid			
H2	e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid			

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)			
H2A	o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n			
H2A	p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant			
H2A	q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p			

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: * 2011 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2008 and June 30, 2011 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2010 and June 30, 2011.

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

* co-signed loans.

Exclude: * those who transferred in.

* money borrowed at other institutions.

H4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
H4a	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs--Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	
H5	Report the average per-undergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed of those in line H4.	

H5a

H6

H6

H6

H6

H6

H6

H6

H7

H7

H7

H7

H7

H7

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H8

H8

H8

H8

H8

H8

H8

H8

H9

H9

H9

H9

H10

H10 a)

H10

Yes

No

H10 b) Students notified on a rolling basis:

H10 If yes, starting date:

H11

H11

H11

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12

H15

If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

Common Data Set 2011-2012

I1

	Full-time	Part-time
Exclude		Include only if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
Exclude		Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
Exclude		Include
Exclude		Exclude
Include		Exclude
Exclude		Exclude
Exclude		Include

I1		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
I1	a)	170	213	383
I1	b)	6	11	17

Common Data Set 2011-2012

- I1 g)
- I1 h)
- I1 i)
- I1 j)
- I2

I2 21 to 1 (based on 9085 students
and 383

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

***Academic advisement:** Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

***Adult student services:** Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

Common Data Set 2011-2012

***Career and placement services:** A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See **Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.**

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

***Community service program:** Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

***Counseling service:** Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related W* and p

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See **Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.**

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as first-professional and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native

Common Data Set 2011-2012

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

***Freshman/new student orientation:** Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for

Common Data Set 2011-2012

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require

Common Data Set 2011-2012

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See **Private for-profit institution**.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

***Religious counseling:** One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

***Remedial services:** Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in

Common Data Set 2011-2012

***Summer session:** A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the

